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WOOD'S CROP SPECIAL

GIVING TIMELY INFORMATION
AND PRICES OF SEASONABLE SEEDS

Published by T. W. WOOD & SONS, Seedsmen • • • Richmond, Virginia

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Wood's Crop Special is issued monthly. No subscription price, but is mailed free each month to customers whose orders indicate a special interest in farming, gardening or trucking.

If any of our customers do not receive Wood's Crop Special regularly, and desire to do so, advise us and we will put your name on our regular mailing list.

Seasonable Notes.

Our **DESCRIPTIVE FALL CATALOG** has been mailed to our customers. If any of our customers have not received it, kindly advise us and we will send a copy at once. This Catalog gives the very best and fullest information in regard to both **Farm and Garden Seeds for Fall sowing.**

We would call particular attention to the importance of planting **Vegetable Seeds** liberally for fall and winter use. The present scarcity of vegetables on our markets is making all available supplies sell at high prices, and it is quite probable that this scarcity of vegetables will continue throughout the fall and winter. It is therefore very important for farmers and gardeners everywhere to plant all of the vegetables they can during the late summer and fall, so as to increase supplies available for use during the winter.

The importance of sowing **GRASS and CLOVER SEEDS** liberally this fall cannot be overestimated. The shortage of labor and the high prices of cattle make this branch of farming very desirable and profitable. Land sown to grasses and clovers is not only furnishing available grazing and hay crops, which can be used in a most profitable way, but at the same time the land is resting and improving for use in future crops. The prices of grasses and clovers continue rather high compared to former years, but have really not advanced as much as prices on other commodities. The scarcity of labor, difficulties in harvesting and the heavy demand for this class of seeds is likely to make prices continue high for some time to come, but even at the prices at which grasses and clovers are selling, they promise the best investment that can be made upon the farm.

We can now supply new crop of **CRIMSON CLOVER SEED**, and supplies are fairly liberal at the present time, but the indications are that with the heavy demand, stocks will be exhausted later in the season, early orders are therefore advised for those who desire to sow this splendid soil-improving, grazing and forage crop. The value of Crimson Clover as a soil-improving crop at the present time can hardly be over-estimated. The high prices of fertilizers make it very desirable to sow all the land possible in crops of this kind, so as to increase crop production and save the use of fertilizers. A crop of Crimson Clover turned under is considered equal to a good application of stable manure, and a great many of our customers are getting their lands up to a high state of fertility and productiveness by the use of Crimson Clover alone. It also makes one of the best of late fall and winter and spring grazing crops, and cattle-raisers and dairymen use it very liberally for this purpose. It also comes in earlier than any other crop for use for green forage and makes splendid early feed, particularly valuable for use for dairy cattle.

Crimson Clover is also quite largely used for hay purposes. It makes an early-yielding crop of valuable and nutritious hay. Its greatest value however, is for soil-improving, and even if the crop is cut off, the action of the roots and stubble improve the condition of the soil to a wonderful extent. As a soil-improver however, it is best to plow under

the whole crop, and a most wonderful increase in crop results are being reported in corn, cotton, tobacco and other crops, following the **Crimson Clover** crop. This crop matures so early that it can easily be plowed under and the land planted in corn in plenty of time to mature the corn crop. We urge our farmers everywhere to sow liberally increased acreages of **Crimson Clover**, believing it to be the most valuable of all the soil-improving crops for fall sowing, both in the Southern and Middle Atlantic States.

FARMERS EVERYWHERE ARE MAKING INCREASED SOWINGS OF ALFALFA.

This crop has turned out very satisfactorily in recent years, and produces, under favorable circumstances, 4 or 5 cuttings of splendid, nutritious hay. We give very full information in regard to the seeding of Alfalfa in our Fall Catalog, and we recommend our farmers to sow Alfalfa wherever possible on land that is suited for its production.

We call particular attention of our customers to the advantage of sowing **FULGHUM OATS**. This oat will mature earlier than any of the other fall-sown oats, and matures ahead of and can be harvested before the wheat crop is ready. It is of the rust-proof type and makes a very heavy-producing and fine quality oat. It is increasing in popularity everywhere, and it is likely to become one of the principal varieties grown in the Southern States.

ABRUZZI RYE is considered the best of the ryes for sowing in the South. It is earlier to mature than the ordinary rye and makes a splendid yield all throughout the Southern States.

ROSEN RYE, while it did not show up so well in some sections last year, we believe this was altogether attributable to the severe hot spell which we experienced the end of May, which in some sections struck the rye just as the grain was forming in the head and affected the yield somewhat. In other sections we had the most favorable reports on this rye, claiming that it is superior in growth, stooling-out and grain-producing qualities to other ryes. We give below extracts from letters from customers in Georgia, Pennsylvania and Virginia testifying as to the splendid qualities of this rye. We are strongly inclined to think that with anything like a favorable season that this rye will prove to be one of the best of ryes both for this section and further South.

Of the three varieties of rye I sowed the past season, **Rosen Rye** gave me the most satisfactory returns, better stand, longer heads, larger grains. The other kinds were Georgia grown common rye and Abruzzi Rye.—M. TOY, Charlton Co., Ga., June 23, 1918.

I am enclosing a sample of **Rosen Rye** grown on this place, the seed which was purchased from you last year by Mr. Janon Fisher. The rye in question made an excellent growth and very good yield. My home is in a section of New York where a considerable amount of rye is grown and I have never seen a better, more even nor cleaner piece of rye growing and owing to our recent drought, we were able to harvest it in the best possible condition.—CLAYTON S. DOTZ, Baltimore Co., Md., Aug. 3, 1918.

I have made a trip to my former farm and examined the rye that I bought of you last year. It looked to be a third better than any rye I saw up there. The rye was standing in the field and looked to be ripening up fine. I will want several acres his fall, and will not sow any other kind but the **Rosen Rye**. I am satisfied it is the best rye we can sow for grain and pasture.—D. R. COX, Grayson Co., Va., July 8, 1918.

WOOD'S CROP SPECIAL.

We call special attention to the advantage and desirability of sowing **WOOD'S SPECIAL GRASS and CLOVER MIXTURES**. Considering the high prices of Grass and Clover Seeds, the prices at which we have fixed these this year is very reasonable. We get splendid reports from our customers who have been sowing these mixtures for a great many years and our increasing trade is the best evidence as to the satisfaction which these mixtures are giving to our farmers everywhere.

The new crop of **RED and MAMMOTH CLOVER** is just coming in, and crop indications are at the present time for fairly good crops. We hope to have liberal supplies of these to offer early in September. We do not anticipate much, if any, reduction in prices, as there is no surplus of clover carried over and the new crop will all be wanted for use later on.

Owing to short crop, the price of **TIMOTHY SEED** has advanced considerably recently and indications are for still higher prices. We urge our farmers who intend to sow these seed to secure their supplies as early as possible.

NEW CROP OREGON VETCH is reported to us this year as almost a failure. This has resulted in a sharp advance in the price of this seed, and indications are that stocks will be exhausted.

We have also very limited supplies of **HAIRY VETCH**, and early orders from customers who require this seed are advisable.

DWARF ESSEX RAPE.

Splendid Fall, Winter and Spring Pasturage —Fine for Cattle, Sheep, Hogs and Poultry.

Rape for fall sowing can be sown from August to October. It makes a large-yielding, nutritious, and succulent green feed or pasturage all through the fall, winter and early spring. The fattening properties of Rape are said to be very much better than those of clover, and it makes a first-class crop, either for sowing alone, or for grazing during the fall and winter; can be sown with Crimson Clover. Rape can be successfully sown both in the fall and spring. Early fall seeding, however, gives the best results. Rape is best sown in drills at the rate of 3 to 5 pounds per acre: or it can be sown broadcast, when from 6 to 8 pounds per acre should be used.

Will say that **Crimson Clover** throughout this section of the State did fine and I consider it one of our greatest, if not the most valuable of our clover crops.—BERT E. SAYRE, Kanawha Co., W. Va., June 1917.

Crimson Clover has no equal in this section, both as forage crop and land improver. It is not unusual for it to yield 2½ tons per acre of most nutritious hay, and the same land produce a bumper crop of corn. I think that Crimson Clover has done more to enrich our depleted soils in this section than any crop ever sown.—J. HUDSON TAYLOR, Caroline Co., Md., June 29, 1917.

I am pleased to inform you that while I have been a customer of yours for a number of years, your seeds have proved of very fine quality in every respect. In the last 12 months I have sown 40 acres of **Red Top and Alsike Clover** (Wood's Trade Mark Brand), which is an excellent stand and looks very promising, especially my pasture of 24 acres sown at the last working of corn, which is furnishing almost sufficient grazing for 12 head of stock now (March 15th).—E. R. BRIGHT, Henderson Co., N. C., March 15, 1918.

I have grown **Tall Meadow Oat Grass** for ten years, and am more than pleased with the results. I have never failed to secure a good stand of grass. Have always had an abundance of hay and plenty of pasture early and late when there was a season for any grass. This grass is perennial and will produce on our soils good crops of hay for a number of years with out reseeding, and will frequently produce a second crop of a ton or more hay per acre in one season. This is a deep-rooting grass, and therefore holds the fertility of the soil better than most grasses.

I regard the **Tall Meadow Oat Grass** as superior to all other grasses for our soils for hay, for pasture, and for maintaining the soil fertility.—G. F. HOLSINGER, Rockingham Co.

The Importance of Sowing Alfalfa.

Farmers everywhere should make preparations to sow Alfalfa liberally this fall. Sown during September Alfalfa will yield full crops and make, under favorable conditions, four or five cuttings of splendid, nutritious hay the following season.

Alfalfa Makes the Best and Most Nutritious Hay.

Alfalfa hay makes the best and most nutritious feed for horses, cattle and all live-stock, and the hay brings the highest prices on our markets. It is especially desirable at this time for farmers to sow all the forage crops possible to make hay and feed, so as to save grain for human consumption. The live-stock industry is likely to continue very profitable for years to come, and farmers should endeavor to get their farms in suitable crops to carry all the live-stock possible; and Alfalfa is one of the most important crops for this purpose. Alfalfa hay is also readily salable, and usually brings the highest prices on our markets.

Alfalfa Yields Frequent Cuttings and Lasts for Years.

After Alfalfa is once established, it continues to give large yields for several years, with very little care and attention, provided it is sown on land that is adapted to it. It is most desirable to cut Alfalfa frequently, particularly the first season, and it should always be cut just as it is coming in to bloom. Frequent cutting makes it stool and grow off better, making, with proper care, increased yields of successive cuttings throughout the year.

The Best Time for Sowing Alfalfa.

The best time for sowing Alfalfa is the end of August or during September in the fall, and in March or April in the spring. A firm, well-prepared seed bed is of first importance, and the ground should be ploughed as early as possible, and harrowed and re-harrowed, so as to get it in first-class condition and kill any weeds which may be in the soil. After thorough preparation, it is best to wait for a good rain to fall before seeding, so as to firm the land and put it in better condition. After the rain has fallen, break the crust of the soil with a light harrow, and then sow the seed, and give light covering with a light harrow or brush-drawn harrow; or, if the ground is not wet, cover by rolling is preferable.

Alfalfa is usually sown broadcast, at the rate of 20 to 30 pounds to the acre.

I have been buying **Alfalfa Seed** from you now for four years, and have found them very satisfactory, and am very particular to plant the best seed I can get.—C. L. BEVILL, Cumberland Co., N. C., September 3, 1917.

I am pleased to say that the **Fulghum Oats** bought of you last fall are all O. K. There are no oats in this county that stand the cold like Fulghum, and aside from that they made a very heavy turnout in grain. Made 56 bus. per acre, and will weigh 33 lbs. to a measured bushel. There are no oats on the farm that turned out like Fulghum. The other neighbors around here were so well pleased with my crop of Fulghum Oats that some of them paid me for seeds oats before they were threshed, having sold 150 bus. for \$2 per bus. and have enough to plant next fall.—M. BREVARD, Sumter Co., S. C., June 17, 1918.

If I ever sow any more winter oats it will certainly be the **Fulghum**, as I had cut them before the other winter oats had started to head out. Then, too, the seed kernels were plumper and meatier than any local grown oats I have yet seen.—ALBERT J. MAYER, Surry Co., Va., June 12, 1918.

The **Wood's Grain Pasture Mixture** which I have been getting from you for the past several years has always been very satisfactory; in fact, one of the best winter and spring pastures I have ever tried always affording good grazing until June.—S. T. NOTTINGHAM, Northampton Co., Va., June 14, 1918.

I was highly pleased with the **Wood's Grain Pasture Mixture**. Stock used it for winter pasture, also made a fine spring pasture. Can highly recommend it.—J. L. THOMAS, Williamsburg Co., S. C., June 13, 1918.

I take pleasure in saying I never had **Crimson Clover Seed** to germinate better than the bushel of seed I ordered from you August, 1917. I got a much better stand than my neighbors who bought seed elsewhere. I will want 1½ bushels from T. W. Wood & Sons for fall, 1918.—R. A. WALKER, Gloucester Co., Va., June 14, 1918.

WOOD'S CROP SPECIAL.

WOOD'S SPECIAL GRASS and CLOVER MIXTURES.

We specially recommend the Fall sowing of our Grass and Clover Mixtures, as experience has conclusively proven that Fall seedings give much better and more satisfactory results than Spring seedings, and, provided they are sown the end of August or during September, they will yield full crops of hay or grazing the following year.

There is no question but what our Special Grass and Clover Mixtures yield more pasturage and much better crops of hay, and that the meadows or pastures will keep in good, productive condition very much longer than where only two or three varieties of grass or clover are sown, as is so frequently the custom with our farmers.

MIXTURES Nos. 1 to 5.

Specially prepared for permanent pasturage, but will also make large-yielding hay crops.

- No. 1.** For light, gravelly or sandy soils. Sow 30 to 35 lbs. to the acre.
No. 2. For good loam soil. Sow 30 to 35 lbs. to the acre.
No. 3. For heavy loam or clay soils. Sow 30 to 35 lbs. to the acre.
No. 4. For moist bottom land. Sow 25 to 30 lbs. to the acre.
No. 5. For wet bottom land. Sow 25 to 30 lbs. to the acre.

Price of all the above mixtures: 30c. per lb.; 10-lb. lots and over, 25c. per lb.; 100-lb. lots and over, 23c. per lb.

MIXTURES Nos. 6 to 9.

For Mowing for Hay, But Will Also Make Splendid Pasturage.

- No. 6.** For light, gravelly or sandy soils. Sow 30 to 35 lbs. to the acre.
No. 7. For good loam soil. Sow 30 to 35 lbs. to the acre.
No. 8. For heavy loam or clay soil. Sow 30 lbs. to acre.
No. 9. For moist bottom land. Sow 20 to 25 lbs. to acre.

Price of these mixtures: 30c. per lb.; 10-lb. lots and over, 25c. per lb.; 100-lb. lots and over, 23c. per lb.

PARK MEADOW MIXTURE. We would recommend that it be sown at the rate of about 40 lbs. to the acre. Per lb. 30c.; 10-lb. lots and over, 27c. per lb.; 100-lb. lots,, 25c. per lb.

Notes About the Late Summer and Fall Seedings of Grass and Clovers.

The experience of our farmers for several seasons past has been most satisfactory with the seeding of grass and clover the end of August or during September. Sown at this time, they will give full crops of hay or pasturage the following season. Of course, grass seed sown at this time should be sown by itself, and not with grain crop or nurse crop.

Preparation of the Land.

We feel that we cannot impress too strongly upon farmers the necessity of thorough preparation of the land for grasses and clovers. Land that is seeded in grasses and clovers should be plowed some time previous to sowing, and harrowed and cross-harrowed at frequent intervals until the soil is thoroughly well pulverized. A firm seed bed is absolutely essential for a perfect stand. If the soil is not given good preparation, or is too loose or porous, a great deal of the seed gets covered too deeply and does not come up satisfactorily. Then the cutting off of the grain crop the following season just the soil, in order to give them a good stand and withstand adverse conditions of weather.

Disadvantages of Sowing With a Grain Crop.

While the seeding at the last working of corn is to be recommended, the ideal preparation for grasses and clovers is to prepare for this crop alone, and land that has been in wheat or spring grain crops gives the best chance for thorough preparation for grasses and clovers. The method of sowing clovers and grasses with a grain crop has a great many disadvantages. In the first place, it is better to sow grain rather late in the fall. Grasses and clovers should be sown early. Then the cutting off of the grain crop the following season just at the time when we usually get hot, dry weather, leaves the tender grasses and clovers exposed to the hot sun, with out the protection which they have had through the spring and early summer, and frequently result disastrously to the crop. So that, summing up all together, both from practical experience and the common sense view of the matter, it is much better to prepare and sow grasses and clovers alone, rather than with any other crop.

Wood's Poultry Foods.

Are high-grade foods. We have the very best equipment for cleaning and handling Poultry Foods, and our prices are very reasonable for the high-grade foods which we supply.

	50-Lb. Bag.	5-Bag Lots, 100-Lb. Bag.	100-Lb. Bag.
Wood's Poultry Grain Food	\$2.10	\$3.85	\$3.90
Wood's Scratch Food	2.10	3.90	3.95
Hollybrook Scratching Food	2.25	4.10	4.15
Hollybrook Laying Food (Dry Mash) ..	1.95	3.60	3.65
Hollybrook Pigeon Mixture, (Contains Corn) ..	2.50	4.60	4.65
Hollybrook Developing Food	2.25	4.15	4.20
Hollybrook Growing Food (Dry Mash) ..	1.95	3.60	3.65
Hollybrook Forcing Food (Dry Mash) ..	1.95	3.60	3.65
Meat Scraps	3.00	5.45	5.50
Poultry Bone (1 Size—Coarse)	3.00	4.90	5.50
Green Cut or Mealed Alfalfa	1.50	2.75	2.80

OYSTER SHELLS—

Coarse—For Laying Hens ...	.65	1.00	1.10
Fine—For Young Chicks ....	.70	1.15	1.25
Pearl Grit .....	.60	.85	.90

Charcoal, 50-lb. paper lined bag, \$2.00 bag.

Blood Meal, 10-lb. bag, \$1.50; 25-lbs. \$2.50; 50-lbs. \$4.75.

FERTILIZERS.

For analysis and full information about Fertilizers, see page 41 of our Fall Catalog.

	Per 200-lb. Bag.	Per Ton.
Vegetable Fertilizer	\$5.35	\$52.00
Grain and Grass Fertilizer	4.75	46.00
Wheat Fertilizer	4.25	41.00
General Crop Fertilizer	4.00	39.00
High-Grade Acid Phosphate 16%	3.00	28.00
Listers' Standard Superphosphate of Lime, Revised 1916	5.60	55.00
Thomas' Phosphate or Basfo Slag, 100-lb. bag, \$1.50		
Mapes' General Special, bag of 100 lbs., \$4.00	7.50	74.00
Swift's Pulverized Sheep Manure. 15-lb. bag, 85c.; 50-lb. bag, \$1.35; 100-lb. bag, \$2.50.		

We are sold out of Wood's Pure Animal Bone Meal at present but can supply

BAUGH'S PURE BONE MEAL.

Price: Per Bag of 200 Lbs., \$6.00. Per Ton, \$59.00.

Analysis as Follows:

Total Phosphoric Acid	20.50%
Nitrogen	3.30%
Equivalent to Ammonia	4.00%
Bone Phosphate of Lime	45.00%

The No. 1 Grass Mixture I bought of you last spring was sown on a very high piece of upland. This land was also very thin. I failed for two seasons to get even a half stand of grass on this land, but from your No. 1 Mixture I have a fine stand, notwithstanding we had a drought in the late spring.—E. A. ANDERSON, Giles Co., Va., Jan. 1918.

KINDLY NOTE THAT OUR PRICES ON SEED OATS, SEED RYE, AND SEED WHEAT INCLUDE BAGS. Cost of Burlap Bags is running around from 30c. to 40c. each, so that makes quite a considerable difference in considering the price of the grain.

T.W. Wood & Sons, Richmond, Va., Price-List of Field Seeds

When Sending Orders at Prices Named Here, Please Mention Crop Special No. 1050.
August 30, 1918.

Prices quoted on this **CROP SPECIAL** are our prices on all Grass and Clover, Seed Grain and other Farm Seeds at this date. Some of the prices in our Fall Catalog have changed since our Catalog was printed and the Crop Special gives the prices at this date.

Prices of Field Seeds are always subject to market fluctuations. We always fill all orders entrusted to us at lowest ruling prices on date order is received. If prices decline, we give our customers the benefit of it. If they advance, we charge the advance prices. In case customers desire to limit us to filling order at prices quoted on any particular date they will kindly so state on order, or mention date and number of "Wood's Crop Special" upon which the order is sent.

Terms on all Field Seeds, net cash. Customers who have no regular accounts with us will kindly remit the amount with their order or name business reference as customary before opening new accounts.

CRIMSON CLOVER,	Per	10-Lb. Lots,	Bus. of
	Lb.	Per Lb.	60 Lbs.
Trade Mark	\$.25	\$.23	\$12.75
Cotton Bags Holding (2½ Bus.) Each 70c. Extra.			

CLOVER SEED.	Per	10-Lb. Lots,	Bus. of
	Lb.	Per Lb.	60 Lbs.
Red Clover, Trade Mark	\$.36	\$.34	\$20.00
Sapling or Mammoth Clover .....	.38	.35	20.50

We have several lots of New Crop Red and Mammoth Clover expected daily.

Alsike Trade Mark .....	.35	.30	16.50
White Clover, Trade Mark .....	.65	.60	.....
ALFALFA , Trade Mark—Best American-Grown, 99½% Purity .....	.25	.23	13.00

BURR CLOVER, Southern-grown in the burr (not hulled) price per lb., 30c.; 10-lb. lots and over, 25c. per lb.; 100 lbs. 22c. per lb.

Burr Clover, California-grown, hulled and recleaned, lb. 25c.; 10-lb. lots, 22c. per lb.; 100-lbs. 20c.

GRASS SEED. Prices include bags except for Timothy and Herds Grass, which are shipped in cotton sacks, holding 2½ bus., each costing 70c.

	Per	10-Lb. Lots,	5-Bu. Lots,	Per
	Lb.	Per Lb.	Per Bus.	Bus.
Timothy, Trade Mark ..	\$.15	\$.12	\$4.85	\$4.90
Timothy, Choice .....	...	...	4.70	4.75
Orchard Grass, Choice ..	.28	.26	3.35	3.40
Orchard Grass, T. M. ...	.30	.27	3.45	3.50
Tall Meadow Oat, Choice ..	.28	.26	2.50	2.55
Tall Meadow Oat, T. M. ...	.30	.27	2.65	2.70
Kentucky Blue, T. M. ...	.35	.30	3.45	3.50

Herds Grass or Red Top,	Per	10-Lb. Lots,	100-Lb. Lots,
	Lb.	Per Lb.	Per Lb.
Trade Mark	\$.18	\$.16	\$.15
Herds Grass, Choice .....	.17	.15	.14½
Bermuda Grass .....	.50	.45	.40
Perennial Rye Grass .....	.20	.15	.12½
Italian Rye Grass .....	.20	.16	.14
RHODES GRASS .....	.45	.40	.38

OREGON VETCH, (*Vicia Sativa*), in 10-lb. lots and over, 12c. per lb.; 100-lb. lots and over, 10c. per lb.

HAIRY VETCH, (*Vicia Villosa*), 10-lb. lots and over, 22c. per lb.; 100-lb. lots and over, 20c. per lb.

CANADA FIELD PEAS, per bus. \$4.50. 2½ bus. bags, 60c each extra.

DWARF ESSEX RAPE, in 5-lb. lots and over, 15c. per lb.; 100-lb. lots, 13c. per lb.

Our Dwarf Essex Rape is of superior quality, specially adapted for pasturing, with excellent milk-producing and fattening qualities. Some of our customers also consider that Rape turned under as a green crop makes a good soil-improver. Cost of seed per acre considered, Rape costs less than any other forage crop.

United States Food Administration License No. G. 181.

SEED WHEAT. Recleaned Stocks—Bags Included.

The **SEED WHEATS** we offer are all choice, recleaned stocks, obtained from the best and most productive crops in the best wheat-growing sections of this State. Our customers will kindly note that our prices include new grain bags. The price of bags, like nearly everything else, has advanced very considerably, and customers will take this into account in considering prices, not only on wheat, but on all other seeds in which we include prices of bags.

BEARDESS VARIETIES: 10-Bus. Lots, Per Bus. Per Bus.		
Leap's Prolific	\$3.15	\$3.25
Fult	3.15	3.25
Red May	3.15	3.25

BEARDED VARIETIES:		
Fulcaster	3.15	3.25
Stoner	3.15	3.25
Red Wonder	3.15	3.25

SEED RYE. Prices Include Sacks.

5-Bus. Lots, Per Bus. Per Bus.		
Winter Rye	\$2.25	\$2.35
Piedmont Winter Rye	2.35	2.45
Abruzzi Rye	3.75	3.85
Rosen Rye	2.50	2.60
WINTER BARLEY	2.35	2.40

SEED OATS. Prices Include Bags.

In 5-Bus. Lots, Per Bus. Per Bus.		
Fulghum, Trade Mark	\$1.55	\$1.65
Va. Gray Winter, Trade Mark	1.60	1.70
Appler, Trade Mark	1.40	1.50
Southern Rust-Proof, Trade Mark	1.20	1.30
Bancroft, Trade Mark	1.50	1.60

ONION SETS.

	Per	Per	Per Bus.
	Qt.	Peck.	of 36 Lbs.
Extra Early White Pearl	\$.25	\$1.50	\$4.50
White Bermuda (Straw Color) ..	.25	1.50	4.25
Bus. of 40 lbs.			
Yellow Potato (Small Size) ....	.25	1.50	4.50
Yellow Potato (Medium Size) ..	.20	1.25	3.75

WOOD'S GRAIN PASTURE MIXTURE.

Is composed of the best grazing varieties of wheat, winter rye, winter barley, winter turf oats and winter vetches, mixed in proper proportions to give the best results. \$2.50 per bus. of 50 lbs.; in 5-bus. lots and over, \$2.40 per bushel.

WOOD'S LAWN GRASS SEED.

WOOD'S EVERGREEN LAWN GRASS. The best for beautiful, green, velvety lawn—all the year 'round, where proper care and attention can be given. Per quart, 35c.; if to be sent by mail, 45c. 5 lbs. for \$1.60; if by mail, \$1.75; 10-lbs. and over, 30c. per lb.; 100-lbs. and over, 28c. per lb.

WOOD'S PERMANENT LAWN GRASS. Per lb. 35c.; postpaid 45c. per lb.; 10-lbs. and over, 30c. per lb.; 100-lb. lots and over, 25c. per lb.

WOOD'S WINTER LAWN GRASS. Especially recommended for planting in Southern States. Makes a beautiful green lawn during the winter months. Per lb. 25c.; postpaid 33c. per lb. 10-lb. lots, 22c. lb.; 100-lb. lots and over, 20c. per lb.

SHADY PARK LAWN GRASS. A special mixture of grasses adapted for shady situations. By freight, per lb. 40c.; postpaid 50c. per lb.; 10-lb. lots and over, 37c. per lb.; 100-lb. lots and over, 35c. per lb.

WOOD'S LAWN ENRICHER. 5 lb. bag, 50c.; 10-lb. bag, 75c.; 25-lb. bag, \$1.00; 100-lb. bag, \$3.50; ton, \$65.00. Half ton at ton rate.

All the Seed Oats, Seed Rye, and Seed Wheat we offer are recleaned stocks much superior in cleanliness and purity to seed grain as ordinarily sold.